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Physician and Surgeon. Office on Main Street,
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Boot and Shoe Store. Custom work done to
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BARBER & SMITH,
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children's hair. Shop on Jefferson Street,
one door south of Post Office.
CARDS, HANDBILLS, BILLHEADS, CIR-
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VOLUME XII.

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All the latest styles of Pictures, from Life size
to the smallest Gem, made on short notice.
Coloring in Oil or Water Colors done to order.
SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO COPYING.
FRAMES TO SUIT PURCHASERS.

Groceries!
Goit & Richardson,
W. H. RICHARDSON.
E. D. GOIT.

The best quality of Sugar, Tea, Coffee,
Raisins, &c., &c.
Also a large stock of Crockery and
Glassware. Cash paid for butter and
eggs.
GOIT & RICHARDSON,
Mexico, Nov. 6, 1872.

Homer Ballard,
UNDERTAKER,

And dealer in
Furniture

Keeps constantly on hand everything that
is usually kept in a first-class ware room
from a 25 cent bracket to the richest
Bedroom or Parlor Set. Also

COFFINS
AND
CASKETS,

Shrouds and everything kept
by the Undertaker.

He has a just purchased a

SPLENDID HEARSE.

Call and examine his goods before pur-
chasing elsewhere.
Mexico, Nov. 18, 1872.



Singer.

Groceries,
Crockery,
Glass Ware,
Plated Ware,
And Outlery

CASH PAID FOR
Butter

AND
Eggs,

BY
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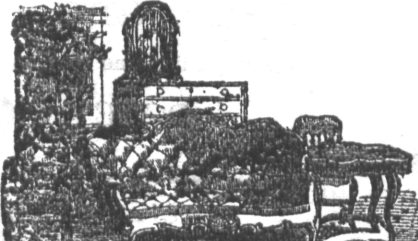
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DENTISTS,

Are prepared to do all work in their line prompt-
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etc., etc.
CYRUS WHITNEY, (Co. Judge).

Furniture.



The Subscribers would cordially invite
the citizens of Mexico and vicinity to
examine their stock of furniture consist-
ing of

Parlor,

Dining-Room,

And Chamber Sets,

Marble Tables, Hat Racks,

Spring Beds, Upholstery Goods,

and Mattresses.

In fact everything pertaining to this
branch of business will be kept constant-
ly on hand.

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Frames

MADE TO ORDER.

Also dealers in AGRICULTURAL
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STRUMENTS.

UNDERTAKING,

We make a specialty of Burial Cases,
Coffins and all necessary outfit, of the
first class. We have a fresh and elegant
stock of goods, moderate and reasonable
charges, experienced skill and long prac-
tice, a strict attention to our duties, we
respectfully solicit your patronage.
BARBER & SMITH,
2 doors south of the Post Office, Mexico.

The Attention

Of the

Farmers and Citizens

of Mexico and surrounding country
is respectfully invited to the follow-
ing

REASONS WHY

they should patronize the

Toronto Mills:

1st. Our facilities for doing CUS-
TOM WORK, expeditiously, and in
a manner warranted to give satisfac-
tion, are not surpassed by any Mills
in the County.

2nd. Skillful and experienced Mil-
lers, only are employed, and
customers will always find
them good natured
and ready to at-
tend to
orders.

3rd. You can
always have your
work done, promptly,
the same day you bring it,
thereby avoiding the inconveni-
ence of having to come a second time

Having

7 Run of Stone, and sufficient power to
grind them.

We are never CLOGGED, and no
CUSTOMER has to be
left over NIGHT.

4th. By having separate runs or
stone for different kinds of grain,
we are enabled to give better satis-
faction than any Mill can, which
runs Wheat and Feed through the
same hopper.

5th. We have in operation two
first-class Corn Shellers, whereby you
can have your corn shelled quickly
and perfectly without extra charge.

6th. You can always get the
highest market price for all kinds of
grain at the Toronto Mills.

7th. You can buy Flour, Feed,
Shells, Shipping, Screenings, and, in
fact, anything pertaining to our busi-
ness, in large or small quantities, at
or below Oswego prices.

8th. All our work is WARRANT-
ED.

AMOS C. THOMAS,
Proprietor

New Firm! New Price!!
New Goods!!!

HART & HUBBARD

Having purchased the shop and min-
ery lately owned by E. Williamson,
propose to keep for sale and make to
order everything in the joiner line

BUILDING MATERIAL,
Such as

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Win-
dow Frames, Cornices
and Mouldings

Of every description. We will also
manufacture to order for all who may
wish to furnish their own material, on
as reasonable terms as can be had in the
county. Also

Turning & Scroll Sawing

Of every variety, done with neatness and
dispatch. Also

Surface Planing

Done with the Daniels' Planer, when
lumber will be taken out of wind, and
glue joint warranted every time. We
mean to give satisfaction, and will not
be undersold.

N. D. HART, L. D. HUBBARD.
Mexico, April 2, 1872.

Boots

AND

Shoes.

The undersigned would intimate to
the people of Mexico and vicinity, that
he has received a

SPLENDID STOCK

of

Boots and Shoes

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER
WEAR.

Second to none in Town for quality and
style which he is disposing of at a

Low Figure for
Cash.

Custom Work done to order and in the
best style of workmanship.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

S. L. ALEXANDER.
Mexico, Nov. 6, 1872.

Bard & Alfred,

FIRE and LIFE

Insurance Agents,

Insure all kinds of Property at
reasonable rates. Over

\$70,000,000

Capital Represented.

Etina Insurance Company, \$6,400,000

Phoenix Insurance Company, \$1,908,831

Insurance Co. of N. America, \$3,212,176

Royal, \$10,000,040

Continental Insurance Co., \$2,600,616

Alemannia, 628,398

Glen's Falls Insurance Co., 425,000

Watertown Fire, \$678,112

Mutual Life of New York, \$335,693

All business confided to our hands
will be promptly attended to.
Special inducements offered to
Farmers on first class property.
Office one door East Empire Block, Mexico N. Y.
H. M. BARD. L. F. ALFRED.
Mexico, July 22, 1872. 28

NEW FIRM

Bews & Walton
Founders and Machinists,
And manufacturers of
Agricultural Implements,
and all kinds of Machinery. Also sole
manufacturers of the
MONITOR HORSE POWER.
Mexico Iron Foundry, near the Aca-
demy.
Mexico, May 14, 1873. 28
Genuine old government Java
coffee at Ballard's. 19

June.

I gazed upon the glorious sky,
And the green mountains round,
And thought that when I came to lie
At rest within the ground,
Twere pleasant, that in flowery June,
When brooks send up a cheerful tune,
And groves a joyful sound,
The rich, green mountain turf should break
Away—I will not think of these.

Blue be the sky and soft the breeze,
Earth green beneath the feet,
And be the damp mould gently pressed
Into my narrow place of rest.

Here 'twill be the long, long summer hours,
The golden light should lie,
And thick your hours and groups of flow'rs
Stand in their beauty by
The oracle should build and tell
His love-tale close beside my cell,
The idle butterfly
Should rest his head there, and there be heard
The housewife bee and humming-bird.

And what if cheerful shouts at noon
Come, from the village sent,
Or songs of mirth, beneath the moon
With fairy laughter blent?
And what, if, in the evening light,
Betrothed lovers walk in sight
Of my low monument?
I would the lovely scene around
Might know no sadder sight nor sound.

I know that I no more should see
The season's glorious show,
The world's bright richness shine for me,
Nor its wild music flow;
But around my place of sleep,
The friends I love should come to weep,
They might not haste to go,
Soft airs, and song, and light, and bloom
Should keep them lingering by my tomb.

These to their softened heart should bear
The thought of what has been,
And speak of one who cannot share
The gladness of the scene;
Whose part in all the pomp that fills
The circuit of the summer hills,
Is that his grave is green;
And deeply would their hearts rejoice
To hear again his living voice.

—WILLIAM C. BRYANT.

CHARITY BOSTON.

AUTHOR OF
"Margaret Chester," "Happy Light," and
"Ruth Heston."

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CHAPTER XXXII.

A SUMMER LAND.

The spring that came next was that
sorrowful time when he who stood at the
head of our nation, driven by an assassin's
hand, went suddenly from the wonder-
ful height he had reached into the sky; and
when afterwards, the end of the long war
brought joy to thousands. Mr. Raplee
had been greatly prospered during this
season of conflict, and now added another
hundred acres to the already large farm
of which he was the owner. But while it
was an ambition with him, thus to in-
crease his lands, other ambitions were al-
so attained which so absorbed his atten-
tion as to leave no time to superintend
the tilling of the soil, and to make it nec-
essary to give the charge of this into the
hands of some competent employee. Since
Robert first went away the men who had
occupied this position had failed to please,
and now that he was to be at liberty
again, a liberal offer was made him to
take the management of the farm, with
greater powers than had ever been en-
trusted to any other. They could scarcely
be more nearly complete had he been
his owner. The two men knew each other
well, the place was like home to Robert,
and he was ready to accept the posi-
tion; but, like all other questions, he
brought this to his unobtrusive mother.
I consented in deference to his opinion,
that of others, and in accordance with
my better judgment, but was not quite
pleased. It seemed like putting him
back in the position where I first knew
him.

After all I was to marry Mr. Raplee's
hired man.
Another question arose—would we live
in the great house, or should one smaller
be built for our occupancy? For Mrs.
Raplee wished to leave the farm for a
city or village residence, while Mr. Ra-
plee strongly desired to remain, and
though I did not know it at the time,
my answer was to decide the matter be-
tween husband and wife. The thought
of the large empty rooms—for our furni-
ture must inevitably be scanty—filled me
with a shudder, and I quickly chose the
smaller, asking that it should be only of
such dimensions as to make us comfortable.
I fancied we should not stay there long.
It was built, Robert and I, assisted
by the architect had the planning of it
interior, and on its completion its beau-
ty was a surprise. A Gothic cottage,
picturesque with tall sunny windows af-
fording a better outlook than even those
of the great house, with the rooms we
asked for and a cozy library in addition,
and unexpected conveniences, we could
hardly have found one elsewhere that
would have pleased us as well. When it
was nearly finished Robert took me to see
it.

"Do you like it?"

"In all respects but one—it is not
ours."

My answer gave him pain, for he had
been happy in the thought of taking me
to so pleasant a home. I saw the dis-
appointed expression of his face, and was
sorry, but could not take back the words.

"Not ours to dispose of, but to use, to
enjoy, and I take it that this is owner-
ship in its best sense. We cannot sell
the sky; we have no control over our
storm and sunshine, we had no hand
in distributing its stars, but we are shel-
tered and sustained by it, its lights shine
for us as much as though a deed of it
were ours. And had we such an instru-
ment, giving us a title to this pleasant
house, it might be no stronger assurance
than we now have that we could occupy
it long."

I felt the force of his words, for there
was a grave in the cemetery too new to
allow anything on earth to seem sure.
So I said:

"I know. Only the unseen can en-
dure. It does not matter, in reality,
whether we have anything in this world
or not."

"In another way it does matter, and
while we can enjoy this without being
its slave, we will try to do something to-
wards gaining a home not subject to the
will of another man. But if it will be
hard for you to be happy here, we had
better not come."

I looked quickly into his face. "For-
give my inconsiderate words. I could not
be happy elsewhere now."

Robert had become too much interested
at college to be away during the whole
of the third term, and though his farm-
ing began in the spring, and he came
home every week to attend to it, he was
there a greater part of the time. His
mother, Henry and myself attended com-
mencement, and heard him deliver an
oration that made two of us very proud,
and stimulated the ambition of the other.
Having attained the age of twenty-
seven, he was, perhaps, the oldest of the
students, but the production and its de-
livery would have done honor to a much
older man. This in my opinion, fortified
by the comments of many others.

Early in the next week Robert moved his
mother into the new house, for she was
to live with us; the one she had oc-
cupied so long, and which belonged to
him, had been sold and the money in-
vested for her use.

Our wedding was appointed for Thurs-
day of the same week, and on Wednes-
day morning Robert came into the yard
in a new, covered buggy, driving a hand-
some black pony. Seeing him pass the
window thus, I opened the side door in
spite of a half fear that I had mistaken
the owner. He sprang to the ground,
took my hand and led me to the horse.

"This is my bride present from me,
and I can call it mine, for I have
chosen it for myself, and which I
shall frequently want to use with you.
It was for you they were purchased—I
should not have needed them."

"The whole turnout, Robert?"

"The whole. Does it please you?
Jet, let me introduce you to your mis-
tress."

I made my bow to Jet, that had al-
ready learned and could appreciate the
kindly touch and voice of his new mas-
ter, and that, unchecked, held his head
down for me to pet.

"What a beauty! and how gentle! I
can hardly believe that it is ours."

"It is yours, that you may come and
go at will when I am too busy to accom-
pany you. Have you time to ride this
morning? I want you to see what a
traveler Jet is."

During nearly all the time I spent in
talking ready, Aunt Murdock was out-
talking with Robert. She had come
with her husband to attend the wed-
ding.

We drove along the lake road, so
called because for a long distance it ran
nearly parallel with the shore, not far
away, and commanded a pleasant view
of the water. Jet displayed well his
traveling abilities for a time, and then
fell into a quiet, meditative gait, as
though there were thoughts in his equine
brain concerning the two people who sat
cosily talking behind him. I took the
lines to show Robert my skill in horse-
manship, but it was a failure. I could
see no dissimilarity in our management,
but immediately the horse became
nervous, and lost the perfect ease of mo-
tion visible before. What was there by
which the soulless creature so soon dis-
covered the difference between my rest-
lessness and his great calm?

Robert, who knew nearly every inch
of the ground in all that region, again
took the lines and drove to the shore,
where there were water lilies, and while
he was trying to get some, I looked off
all around the rim reflected hill and
rock and tree, but in the center held
only the sky. Nothing less ethereal
could dwell there—nothing upon the
rugged shore stood great enough to reach
the rest within. A noisy brook came
rushing down a hill and leaped into the
lake.

"They are like you and me," I said to
Robert when he returned with his full
of lilies. "I am yonder little stream,
you the calm, deep water."

"I accept the comparison in one
point," he replied with a smile. "They
come together, unite so thoroughly and
dwell so lovingly that never again can
they be twain. But I would not dare
flatter myself that you were coming to
me with the eagerness of the brook."

It was a bright, bright day. Some
object worth seeing kept tempting us on
until noon, and we stopped at a country
hotel, gave Jet and ourselves a good din-
ner, and after resting, came home as
slowly as we had gone. It was nearly
night when we returned to find that
mother, Uncle and Aunt Murdock had
just come from the farm.

We were married at home, quietly, in
the presence of a little party of friends.
Besides Uncle and Aunt Murdock, Mary
and her husband and Susy had come
from New York. The Kingsleys, of
course, were there, and the Raplees, both
Fanny and her husband, Jerry and his
wife. I confess that these were invited
chiefly in consideration of the relations

they sustained to Grace and Mr. Rap-
lee, not from pure friendship. For I
fancied, perhaps from no other reason
than my own pride, that they thought
me doing a very silly thing—that this
marriage was a kind of last resort, and
wondered if I did not regret the past. I
was ashamed to think of it, but the
idea thrust itself in between us whenever
we were together. Robert's sister and
her husband, who lived about twelve
miles away, were also there, Nellie
Webster, and Mr. and Mrs. Beach.

I wore a white dress of the finest mus-
lin, with blue and orange flowers. There
was no table spread for gifts, and I was
grateful to my friends for thus respecting
a feeling they knew me to have, that
bridal gifts had lost their significance,
and come to seem forced, and matters of
show.

No congratulations came more heartily
that evening than Susy's, now a brilliant
young lady, yet retaining much of her
old independence and naivete. But she
said:

"It was not quite fair of you, Chatty,
to do this without consulting me. Didn't
I tell you long ago that I wanted
Robert?"

When the company dispersed we went
to the new home.

"We have all invited ourselves to
take dinner with you to-morrow, at your
house," said Aunt Murdock, as we were
about to go.

I am sure my countenance fell. "Your
company will be most acceptable, but I
fear for the dinner."

"Never mind—we can get along with
almost anything since you have treated
well this evening. We are not going to
trouble you, so don't think of it again
to-night. We'll bear the burdens for
once."

Robert had driven Jet down, bring-
ing his mother, who also was to ride
home with us. She was in the carriage,
and he stood ready to help me in,
when I said good-bye to mother, and
realized for the first time that I was
leaving that home forever. I might re-
turn, but never the same that I left it;
no longer could it be mine—I was to be
part of another. Overcome by this
thought, I hung upon her neck,
feeling her tears upon my cheek, and
powerless to leave her until she whis-
pered:

"Your husband is waiting for you.
Go and be a blessing to him."</

MEXICO INDEPENDENT

MEXICO, THURSDAY, JUNE 10, 1873.

News of the Week.

The funeral ceremonies of the late Hon. James L. Orr, minister to Russia, were held in New York city, on Friday, and were largely attended and very imposing.

Governor Dix has signed the Supply bill, and also the New York Supplemental Charter and New York Deficiency bills.

Nine thousand emigrants arrived last week at the port of New York, making 141,850 since January first.

The total amount of internal revenue receipts for the fiscal year up to date are \$110,077,955; this is \$77,955 in excess of the estimates of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. It is thought that the year will show an excess over the estimate of \$4,500,000.

Advises from sixty-nine counties in California, comprising the entire grain growing section of the State, show an average crop. The harvest has begun. A fleet of three hundred vessels will be required to transport the crop.

The United States and Mexican Commission to settle the Kickapoos on a reservation, has arrived at San Antonio, Texas. The Indians are willing to go on a reservation, but ask the prisoners taken by General McKenize be given up.

Secretary Robeson says that Captain Hall died a natural death, and that the separation of the Polaris from the party on the ice floe was accidental.

B. G. Lamar has commenced a suit against A. G. Brown and others to recover \$500,000, the value of cotton seized during the war in Georgia. The defendants plead they were acting as agents of the United States Treasury, and that the proceeds of cotton have been paid into the Treasury of the United States. The suit is defended by the government.

The number of visitors at the Vienna exposition is far less than was anticipated. The inhabitants are discouraged and the price of living has been greatly reduced.

Ex-Queen Isabella is going to see the Pope concerning the prospects of the Bourbon family.

The band of Prince George regiment of the Saxon army sailed from Hamburg for the United States on Friday. The band is one of the most celebrated in Germany and will make a concert tour of the United States.

It is said that Senator Castelar will propose the division of Spain and colonies into thirteen States. The Cortes will on Tuesday elect a commission of twenty-five members to draw up a federal constitution, of whom twelve will be members of the present Cortes, and thirteen chosen from the federal States.

The Spanish ministry announce a separation of church and State as a part of the government programme. Salmeron has been elected president of the Spanish Cortes. The Spanish minister of finance has submitted a proposition to negotiate a loan of 300,000,000 reals and for the imposition of new taxes.

The Sultan of Zanzibar has concluded a treaty with Great Britain, for suppressing the slave trade on the east coast of Africa.

Another planet has been introduced to astronomical circles. Professor James C. Watson, of Ann Arbor, Michigan, discovered the stranger, and he announced the event by telegram at the Smithsonian Institute last Saturday afternoon.

The New York District Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church commenced in New York city on Monday. This is the first district conference ever held.

The vestry of Trinity church, New York city, was robbed by burglars, on Sunday night. The poor boxes were emptied and several clerical robes carried off.

Attorney-general Williams has received a telegram from Governor Kellogg stating that Louisiana is in a most prosperous condition, that the taxes are being rapidly paid and that the interest on the State bonds will be met.

CENSUS STUDIES.

Who are the Nebraskians?

BY PROF. J. D. BUTLER.
LINCOLN, April, 1873.

One-seventh of our United States population is of foreign birth, namely, five and a half millions, among thirty-eight and a half; in exact figures, 5,567,946, among 38,588,371.

The foreign element is much larger at the North, but its distribution is almost identical in the newer and older States, on the Atlantic and on the Missouri. Thus the foreign percentage in both Massachusetts, the oldest State, and in Nebraska, the youngest, is in both States well-nigh the same, namely, one-fourth. In the former, 353,129, in a total of 1,457,351; in the latter, 30,748 in a total of 122,993. Yet the quality of foreigners West is, no doubt, better than East. Those who have least of pluck and purse, linger along the Atlantic as drudges, or even paupers or worse. But those better and better off, before to land in the Lincoln office, the names betoken very various nationalities. So do those of the 2,325 purchasers who had bought 294,625 acres of the Burlington & Missouri River Railroad on ten years' credit and six percent interest. A new impulse has just been given to railroad sales, because on those made since 1872, nothing of the principal is payable until the end of the fourth year, and then only one-seventh annually.

THE LOOMIES.—The Rome correspondent of the Utica Herald furnishes the following: Everything with which any of the Loomies are in any way connected, is read by almost every one. A little item here is to this effect: When one of the Loomies ran away, Gleason, his surety, was sued on his bond by the District Attorney of Oswego county, and his personal property attached. Martha Loomis, wife of Wm. W. Loomis, brought an action of replevin against the sheriff for attaching some of the goods, claiming they were hers. She had to give a bail bond on such replevin suit, and Mr. Mattoon was her surety. The sheriff excepted to the sufficiency of the surety, and to-day, Mrs. Loomis as principal, and Luther M. Shepard as surety, appeared before Esquire Blair and justified. Mr. Mattoon did not appear. This enables her to retain the property until the trial.

A FOURTH OF JULY PARTY—will take place at Colosse Hotel, Colosse, on Friday evening, July 4th, 1873. Good music in attendance. Tickets \$2.
L. D. SNELL, Pro.

MARRIED:

At the residence of the bride's parents, in Bernhardt's Bay, N. Y., June 10th, 1873, by Rev. Isaac Turney, Mr. Judson D. Winn to Miss E. E. Brooks.

S. M. PENTTENGILL & CO., 37 Park Row, New York, 101 State Street, Boston, and 701 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, are Agents for the Mexico Independent in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.

That Favorite Home Remedy, PAIN-KILLER

Has been before the public over THIRTY YEARS, and probably has a wider and better reputation than any other proprietary medicine of the present day. At this period there are but few unacquainted with the merits of the PAIN-KILLER, but, while some extol it as a liniment, they know but little of its power in easing pain when taken internally; while others use it internally with great success, but are equally ignorant of its healing virtues when applied externally. We therefore wish to say to all, that it is equally successful, whether used internally or externally. It is sufficient evidence of its virtues as a standard medicine to know that it is now used in all parts of the world, and that its sale is constant and increasing. No curative agent has had such a wide spread sale or given such universal satisfaction.

DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, prepared from the best and purest materials, and with a care that insures the most perfect uniformity in the medicine; and while it is a most effective remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine, even in the most unskillful hands.

It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE; and by being kept ready for immediate resort, will save many an hour of suffering, and many a dollar in time and doctor's bills.

After over thirty years trial, it is still receiving the most unqualified testimonials to its virtues from persons of the highest character and responsibility. Eminent Physicians commend it as a most effective preparation for the extinction of pain. It is not only the best remedy ever known for Bruises, Cuts, Burns, &c., but for Dysentery, or Cholera, or any sort of bowel complaint, it is a remedy unsurpassed for efficiency, and rapidity of action. In the great cities of India, and other hot climates, it has become the standard medicine for all such complaints, as well as for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, and all other kindred disorders. For Coughs and Colds, Canker, Asthma, and Rheumatic difficulties, it has been proved by the most abundant and convincing testimony to be an invaluable medicine.

We would caution the public against all imitations of our preparation, either in name, or style of putting up. 20-4

MEXICO MARKETS.

COLLECTED WEEKLY.

The following are the prices paid for farmers produce, etc., in this market:

Flour, (retail) \$18 25, red \$20 25, white \$10 75	
Corn, 50 cwt, (retail)	1 30
Oats,	35 @ 40
Butter,	@ 23
Loose Butter,	@ 20
Cheese,	10 @ 12
Lard,	10 @ 14
Eggs, 1/2 doz.,	17
Beef, 1/2 lb.,	06 @ 16
Mutton, 1/2 cwt.,	\$5 @ \$8
Pork, 1/2 barrel, (retail)	\$17 00
Pork 1/2 cwt.,	\$7 50
Apples, (dried), 1/2 lb.,	04 @ 06
Ham, 1/2 lb.,	9 @ 15
Dried Poultry, 1/2 lb.,	10 @ 12
Potatoes, 1/2 bush.,	40 @ 50

The Most WONDERFUL DISCOVERY OF THE 19TH CENTURY.

Dr. S. D. HOWE'S
Arabian Milk-Cure,
FOR CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL DISEASES OF THE THROAT, CHEST
AND LUNGS (The only medicine of the
kind in the World.)
A substitute for COD-LIVER OIL.
Permanently cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Incipient
Consumption, Loss of Voice, Stricture of Breath,
Catarrh, Croup, Coughs, Colds, &c., in a few
days, like magic. Price \$1.00 per bottle. Also,
DR. S. D. HOWE'S

Arabian Tonic Blood Purifier,
which DIFFERS from all other preparations in
its immediate action upon the LIVER,
KIDNEYS and BLOOD. It is Purely Veget-
able, cleanses the system of all impurities, builds
it right square up, and makes Pure, Rich Blood.
Cures Scrofulous diseases of all kinds, restores
Constitution, Strength, and Vigor. For
General Debility, Lost Vitality and Broken Down
Constitution, "I Challenge the 19th Century."
For all the above, and for ALL THE WORTHY
ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD. Price \$1 per bottle.
Six Bottles, \$5. Sold by E. L. Huntington, sole
agent for Mexico. 1-3m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE BIRCH DALE MEDICINAL SPRING
WATERS possess wonderful curative virtues,
and especially recommended in consumption,
being the only natural waters that have proved a
specific in this perplexing disease. The very best
medical authority testifies to permanent cures
where all other treatment was abortive. They
also produce miraculous effects in chronic diseases
of the kidneys, (including Bright's), female com-
plaints, rheumatism, dyspepsia, and liver com-
plaints, cancer, scrofula, and all diseases originat-
ing in an impure state of the blood. Send for
book.
HERMON CONANT & CO., 30 Broadway, N. Y.

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia,
Jaundice, Nervous Debility, and all diseases
arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach, such
as Constipation, Piles, Acidity of the Stomach,
Nausea, Heartburn, Fullness or Weight in the
Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Flutter-
ing at the pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the
Head, Hurred and Difficult Breathing, Flutter-
ing of the Heart, Choking Sensation when lying
down, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before
the sight, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Sudden
Fainting of the Head, and Great Depression of
Spirits, are speedily and permanently cured by
"Hoofland's German Bitters." The old stand-
ard remedy of thirty years experience, whose
virtues are testified to by hundreds of our most
respectable citizens who have used it and been
cured. Ask for "Hoofland's German Bitters,"
and take no other. It is not alcoholic. They
are sold by all Druggists. Proprietors, John-
son, Holloway & Co., 502 Arch Street, Phila-
delphia.

DRUGS and JEWELRY.

E. L. Huntington

Would inform his patrons and friends
that he has a large and carefully
selected stock of

PAINTS,
OILS, TURPENTINE,
VARNISHES, BRUSHES, &c.,
OF THE BEST QUALITY.

I keep constantly on hand a fine as-
sortment of

Ladies' and Gentlemen's
American & Swiss Watches

In Gold and Silver cases.

French and American
Clocks!

Ladies' solid Gold Pins and Ear Rings;
Locket and Opera Chains, Gents, solid
gold plated Chains, 18 K; Rings,
Solid Silver and Plated Ware, from the
well known firm of ROGERS BROS.

Call and examine my stock and prices
before purchasing elsewhere.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry
Repairing done in a neat and
workmanlike manner by

M. M. Lucas.

E. L. HUNTINGTON.
Mexico, June 18, 1873.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The
partnership heretofore existing under
the firm name of Munger & Deline, is
this day dissolved by mutual consent.
The business will be continued by A. L.
Munger.

A. L. MUNGER,
B. DELINE.
Mexico, May 28, 1873.

Elias Howe
SEWING MACHINES.
Latest Improvement.

Light Running; Easily
Threaded; Not subject to
fits.

An honest Machine in all respects.
Call at the Photograph Gallery and ex-
amine them, or order one to your house
for trial. Needles, Oil and extra acces-
sories kept for sale. H. C. BEALS, Agt.
Mexico, June 12, 1873.

OSWEGO CITY SAVINGS BANK, established in
1859. Office in Jefferson Block near the Post
Office. Open daily from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m., and
on Saturday evening from 6 to 8 o'clock.
Interest six per cent on deposits first of each month.

LUTHERA WATSON, President.
H. L. DAVIS, Treasurer.
L. E. GOULDING, Secretary.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue of an execution
issued out of the Supreme Court of the State
of New York, to me directed and delivered,
against the goods, chattels, and lands, and ten-
ements of Thomas Robinson and William H. Robin-
son, I have sold all the right, title and interest
which they hold in the premises, to-wit:

1873, or as any other deed or conveyance, the
following described premises, which I shall ex-
pose for sale at the law office, on the 2nd day
of August, 1873, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon,
at Stiller & Wright's office, in the village
of Mexico, N. Y., to-wit:—All that tract or par-
cel of land situate in the town of Oswego, ad-
joining a part of lot No. 145, and bounded as
follows, to-wit: Beginning at the S. E. corner
of barn, or the Red Mills, and run thence S. 12°
E. 29 links to a stake, thence N. 72° E. 25 links
to a stake, thence S. 12° E. 65 links to the centre
of the creek, thence S. 41° W. 1 chain 8 links
down the creek to the S. E. corner of the
lot, thence N. 12° W. 1 chain and 51 links to a stake,
thence N. 78° E. 60 links to the place of begin-
ning, containing 16 square rods, more or less.
Also, that other tract or parcel of land situate
in the town of Mexico, county of Oswego, and
State of New York, it being part of lot No. 145,
of Scriba's Patent, described as follows: Be-
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of the dwelling house formerly occupied by Eli-
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leading from Colosse to Parish, thence running
an easterly course along the centre of the said
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ginning at a point 25 feet from the N. E. corner
of the dwelling house formerly occupied by Eli-
jah Fairchild, in the centre of the highway,
leading from Colosse to Parish, thence running
an easterly course along the centre of the said
highway to the place where it crosses the creek,
thence S. 12° E. 65 links to the S. E. corner of
the barn, or the Red Mills, and run thence S. 12°
E. 29 links to a stake, thence N. 72° E. 25 links
to a stake, thence S. 12° E. 65 links to the centre
of the creek, thence S. 41° W. 1 chain 8 links
down the creek to the S. E. corner of the lot,
thence N. 12° W. 1 chain and 51 links to a stake,
thence N. 78° E. 60 links to the place of begin-
ning, containing 16 square rods, more or less.
Also, that other tract or parcel of land situate
in the town of Mexico, county of Oswego, and
State of New York, it being part of lot No. 145,
of Scriba's Patent, described as follows: Be-
ginning at a point 25 feet from the N. E. corner
of the dwelling house formerly occupied by Eli-
jah Fairchild, in the centre of the highway,
leading from Colosse to Parish, thence running
an easterly course along the centre of the said
highway to the place where it crosses the creek,
thence S. 12° E. 65 links to the S. E. corner of
the barn, or the Red Mills, and run thence S. 12°
E. 29 links to a stake, thence N. 72° E. 25 links
to a stake, thence S. 12° E. 65 links to the centre
of the creek, thence S. 41° W. 1 chain 8 links
down the creek to the S. E. corner

HOME AND COUNTY.

Notice to Subscribers.

The dates printed at the right of Subscribers' names in the address on the margin of the Independent show the time to which their subscriptions have been paid, but do not include the paper of that date.

Anniversary Exercises of Mexico Academy.

Mexico Academy, under charge of Prof. Coon, completed another year on Friday last. The annual examination was conducted at the Academy building on Wednesday and Thursday, and, as we understand, was so ably sustained as to reflect great credit both upon pupils and teachers.

The anniversary exercises proper were held in the Presbyterian church on Friday morning and afternoon, and consisted of Orations, Essays, one Recitation and the Annual Address, enlivened by music by the Mexico Brass Band.

The productions of the students were their own, not their teachers'; all did their best to read or speak so as to be understood; the music was good and the occasion most enjoyable. The closing prayer was offered by Rev. L. Muzzy.

The first oration in order was that of W. H. Ballou—"Stratagem vs. Strength."

The former he defined as a gift, the latter capacity; the former an art the latter a science. Examples of each were given in Liberty's strength in gaining its stratagem. They go together. The oration was well written and delivered in a loud voice, slowly and forcibly. Jennie Parmelee of Colosse read a pleasant essay on "Relics"—the best of these is the record of good deeds on the heart.

W. W. Allen of New Haven, discoursed well concerning the "Marks of Deity in Nature," affirming that a single blade of grass is sufficient to confound the wisdom of the wisest man, and that growth is not caused by light, heat and moisture but by an unseen, unknown principle within.

Emily A. Webb, of Parish, had for her subject "Illusions," in which she referred to the illusions of youth, the illusions of the wine cup. The essay was well written and pleasing.

"What is a name?" in the hands of L. D. Hulbert, of Dugway, proved broad enough to cover almost any prominent subject on which he chose to touch.

In "The Wrathful Man," M. Alsever, of Parish, defined wrath as a short lived madness, and reviewed the effects of anger. It is not required that we should not be roused, but that the passion should be subdued and not permitted to gain the mastery over us, and make us maniacs.

Lizzie E. Cowles, of Osceola, under the head of "Letters," treated first of the alphabet, the growth of written language and ended with those we hold dearest, penned for our perusal by our friends.

We much regret not to have heard the "World's Battle Fields," by Olive L. Eldy, of Mexico, whose name was on the programme, but who was kept at home by sickness.

"Over the Sea Lies our Italy" was the topic of an Oration by C. H. Biddlecome of Mexico. Italy in our imagination is the farthest land on earth—our Italy, is a land which we never desire to possess. The land seems more beautiful because it lies over the sea, so we value any good in proportion to the difficulty in obtaining it. Heaven is the Italy of the soul. Fannie E. Becker, of Mexico, recited finely "The Legend Beautiful," by Longfellow which varied pleasantly the exercises, and took us to the monastery gate while the monk fed the poor, and let forth for our eyes something of the light which flooded his cell.

Carl Stone, of Mexico drew the contrast between Ambition and Contentment, in favor of the latter. Ambition was a continual reaching after something we imagine to be for our good, but too often we are wrong.

Jennie A. Calkins, of Pulaski, read of "Neglected Talent," of the importance of symmetrical development of the mental power—the frequency of the hiding of powers, we fail to know each other because of that within us which, owing to lack of cultivation, never appears to our friends.

Minnie G. Stone, of Mexico, had written of "Memory," its use to us, making it the artist of our souls who keeps a hall within that is full of pictures. The memory of our grandfathers and grandmothers was stronger than ours because they were forced to depend upon it more. The essay was read with great distinctness, we think not a word need have been lost in any part of the house.

The last oration of the morning was the "Influence of Money" by W. R. Alsever, of Parish. Money does the work which our thinkers plan, but when the work is done it is left to produce money, money abandons it. The legitimate desire for it makes men industrious. He reviewed its influence as connected with our history.

The first oration of the afternoon was "Honest Work Honorable," by E. J. Stone, of Mexico, who gave a place to every man and a man to every place. Any honest work is honorable, and the man who does it is honorable. There are no soiled hands but guilty and idle ones. Honest Labor makes men of the best moral principle.

In "Dreams and Realities" by Mary J. Ford, of Colosse, dreams were not considered as useless, but as that out of which realities grow—we endeavor to realize that of which we love to dream, and we may hope that as God revealed his mightiest works in dreams to the men of old, so he will grant us dreams which shall lead us to noble realities.

Jessie M. Muzzy, of Mexico, told us that, as the mechanic makes defective work appear perfect, and that which is old seem new by filling up the faulty inequalities with putty, and glazing it over with varnish, so professional men, and others, including even editors and ministers, are addicted to the use of putty and varnish. It was a spicy effort.

The essay "All Life is a School," by Gertrude R. Stone, of Mexico, was practical, sensible, and confined chiefly to the self-education of women, after leaving school.

Myron W. Collins gave the last oration of the afternoon—"Opinions." There are in the mind, ideas, impressions, opinions, sentiments. Sentiments are deliberate, cherished opinions. Opinions are often formed in a twilight state of the mind, are often unduly expressed and advanced. The speaker gave the dream of Wesley wherein he found numbers of all denominations in hell, but none in

heaven, only Christians being there. The annual address by Rev. S. S. N. Greeley, of Oswego, was listened to with great pleasure by the audience, but of the matter we can only give a few hints. Man's powers run wild without intelligent training; the world moves; young men sat at the feet of Confucius but where were the girls? He described the New England school house and the vocation of the old-fashioned schoolmaster. The consummate product of all the cost of money and labor involved in our schools is a perfectly developed manhood. The accumulation of facts is not education. Doing is the thought of the day—patient endurance underlies it. No one is fully educated until the moral nature comes under the influence of Christ.

At the close of the exercises Prof. Coon announced that the next term would probably commence August 26.

The school has been prosperous during the year just closed. The patrons feel that their children have not only received thorough instruction, but been under an excellent moral influence. We regret to learn that neither Prof. Coon nor Miss Martin will return next year. May they be abundantly prospered where they shall go, and may teachers as conscientious, efficient and well-beloved, come to take their places.

Festival.

The Episcopal society of this village gave a pleasant festival at Empire Hall, on Wednesday evening of last week. Strawberries, ice-cream and cake were served for refreshments, while the younger portion of the party regaled themselves at the stand of the "old peasant woman," who sat comfortably under her umbrella, and sold peanuts, oranges, candy, etc. According to advertisement, she came from the corner of Broadway and Fulton Sts. We have no wish to dispute the story; no doubt she has been there, and her manner was certainly that of one having experience in the business. Also there was a celebrated fish pond, which was a hint that Barnum was about to purchase. The great showman would do that if he could see those fish.

Besides several other creatures to which we should never have thought of applying the adjective piscatorial, there were dog-fish with sheep's heads and curly tails; elephant fish with veritable trunks and blankets; swine fish that might have been mistaken for porkers only they were caught with line and hook, baited with coin or currency. In another corner of the hall, for a small sum was to be seen an appalling sight. We did not witness it, but were told by those who did, that there the heads of Blue Beard's wives were actually hung by the hair. Never before could we believe that story of Blue Beard, but now all we have to say is—What a cruel world this is! But the festival went on as pleasantly as though no such barbarous man had ever lived to win and to slay poor deluded victims. People bought and sold articles of use and ornament; flowers were fragrant and beautiful, faces smiling, and the hearts of our friends of the Episcopal church must have been cheered by receiving a neat sum towards the purchase of the new organ.

Children's Service.

Sunday last was the children's day in

After the usual service, the pastor addressed the little ones, taking for his topic the childhood of Jesus in Nazareth, endeavoring to impress upon their minds the fact that he was once young and small like them, with the loves of a child, the temptations of a child, and obedient to parents as they should be. After the address, ten children were brought forward, most of them by their parents, for consecration. The pastor, dipping his hand in water, placed it upon the head of each, repeating the following benediction: "The Lord bless thee and shine upon thee, and be gracious unto thee; the Lord lift up his countenance upon thee, and give thee peace."

The pulpit and table were beautifully adorned with flowers and wreaths, and the occasion was one of much interest.

Quarterly Meeting.

The next quarterly meeting of the Oswego Baptist Association will be held with the Baptist church in Mexico, commencing with a sermon on Tuesday evening, June 24th, and continuing through Wednesday. Preaching by brethren from abroad. All are invited.

Baptist Church.

Next Sabbath morning there will be no preaching. The Sunday-school will meet at 12:15 p. m. The pastor has been unexpectedly called away.

Exchange.

Rev. J. P. Stratton will exchange with Rev. S. S. N. Greeley, of Oswego, next Sunday. In consequence of the absence of Rev. L. Muzzy, the Presbyterian and Baptist congregations will unite in the Baptist church in the evening and listen to Rev. Mr. Greeley.

Universalist Entertainment and Festival.

There will be an Entertainment given in the Universalist church of this village, on Wednesday evening, June 25th, beginning at 8 o'clock. Admission 10 cents.

Personal.

On Thursday evening of last week an examination of law students was held in Buffalo, conducted by Judge Huntington of Pulaski, Judge Comstock of Syracuse, and J. H. Austin, jr., of Buffalo. Eighteen young men were admitted to practice law, and among the best sustained of the examinations, if not the best, was that of P. M. French, son of Prof. John R. French, of Syracuse University, who has been studying with his uncle, G. G. French, Esq., of this village. The young man is also a graduate of Genesee college. We regret to lose him from our village, and hope that he may be as successful in the practice of law as he has been as a student.

Syracuse Northern Railroad.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of this company held in Syracuse, on the 10th inst., the following persons were elected Directors for the ensuing year: James J. Belden, Allen Munroe, Rev. William H. Carter, James A. Clark, Open R. Earl, Frank Hiscock, Jacob S. Smith, Lucius Gleason, Thomas Gale, William T. Hamilton.

County Temperance Convention.

A County Temperance Convention was held in Oswego on Wednesday of last week, at which a County Temperance Society was organized with the following officers:

President—Isaac G. Jenkins. Vice-Presidents—Oswego town, William Adams; Hannibal, Orson Titus; Granby, E. E. Bristol; Scriba, Schuyler Rhodes; Volney, D. W. Gardner; Schreppel, Rev. A. E. Wilson; Hastings, Dr. D. D. Drake; West Monroe, J. G. Caldwell; Constantia, D. W. Ingersoll; Palermo, David Brown; New Haven, Rev. W. C. Johnson; Mexico, T. S. Skinner; Richland, N. B. Smith; Sandy Creek, M. M. Earl; Boylston, J. L. Bortles; Redfield, James Petrie; Orwell, A. J. Potter; Albion, William Austin; Williamstown, William R. Potts; Amboy, J. A. Bishop; Parish, Harvey Palmer.

Secretary—E. H. Horri, jr. Treasurer—F. B. Lathrop. Executive Committee—J. B. Edwards, S. H. Stone, Stephen Luce, John K. Post.

The Convention adopted the following resolutions:

Resolved, That this Convention recommend the appointment of a committee to provide for the calling and holding of a meeting in Oswego to set forth the principles and conditions of the civil damage law.

Resolved.

That while we believe in the righteousness of absolute prohibition of traffic in intoxicating drinks, yet we earnestly recommend, as a means of reformation to the traffic and protection to its victims, that the friends of temperance combine their influence by all practicable and proper means to secure the enforcement of the civil damage act and such other law as we have for protection against the sale of intoxicating drinks.

Rev. A. P. Burgess moved that the next meeting of the Society be held at Sandy Creek, Wednesday, Sept. 10th, at 10 o'clock a. m. Carried.

PARISH.

Several buildings are now being rapidly completed. Ludington's new store now begins to make quite an imposing appearance, especially as you enter the village westward. It is situated upon the old site of the Simons' House. We congratulate Mr. Ludington upon his energy and perseverance in the erection of this double store.

Mr. G. R. Mosher has removed his small barn near his house (not pulled it down), and is now "building greater." Saint Luke gives us a parable about building barns, which we commend for George's renewal.

The second bridge at the village is now being erected. The abutments are partly laid and the bridge is nearly framed. It will be a substantial bridge. The Commissioner has imposed a fine upon individuals who drive over the bridges faster than a walk. Several individuals have been marked, and will be dealt with.

Clark Pickens has completed his elegant blacksmith shop. Three of our blacksmith shops are owned by the Pickens. All of them stand the test very well, and if there is any body who erects better country shops than they in the county, we would like to be informed.

The Railroad House now being erected by Wm. Pickens, begins to show itself admirably. The contractors, Messrs. Tickner & Barnes, of Mexico, though verging on their three score years, pass around upon the frame with the elasticity of youth. This building is erected over an historical well. This well was dug about 60 years ago by the late Paul Allen, familiarly known as "Uncle Paul."

"Uncle Paul" was one of the earliest settlers of the town, and he erected his hut near this well he dug afterwards. He dug the well and had it partly stoned up by Saturday evening. On Sabbath morning his cow in coming to his hut of logs, thrust her head into a barrel under the eaves, and in endeavoring to pull her head out she pulled the barrel with her, and commenced backing and backed herself squarely into the well. The country was sparsely settled. Elder Barnes had an appointment to preach at the school-house, which was upon the site of the present Town Hall. Preaching had to be dispensed with that day, for it took Elder Barnes and church and congregation to get "Uncle Paul's" cow out of the well. Old bossy survived the shock.

Calvin E. Houghton, one of our oldest inhabitants, is no more in the form. He died May 31, 1873, aged 72 years. He was an industrious, sober and intelligent citizen.

Joel P. Hayes, another old resident, experienced an apoplectic stroke a few days ago. He is somewhat delirious, and doubts are entertained of his recovery. "Thus are passing away the friends we love."

Hastings station, on the S. N. R. R., is doing a large amount of business, especially in lumber. Mr. Carley, the station agent, is putting up a fine residence there. He also has a plaster and lime house. Mr. N. L. Wilson is running the carding machine at Carley's Mills. He does not propose to "pull the wool over our eyes," but to dazzle them with nice rolls.

County Homeopathic Society.

This society met at the office of Dr. McManus, in Oswego, on the 10th inst. The following gentlemen were elected officers for the ensuing year: President, Dr. W. W. Rundell, of this village; Vice-President, Dr. W. S. Woodbury, of Fulton; Secretary and Treasurer, Dr. G. D. McManus, of Oswego. Censors, Drs. McManus, Fowler, Pool, and Mrs. C. Townsend. Delegates to the State Society, Drs. Woodbury, Fowler, and Mrs. Harriet Rundell.

A Sunday-School Meeting.

took place at the Nycting school-house, West Monroe, on Sunday last. The attendance was good and the exercises quite interesting. At the close of the school appropriate and interesting remarks were made by Prof. John H. Coe, of the Mexico Academy, and others. All present listened very attentively, and it is hoped the meeting will result in much good. The superintendent, Mr. Spaulsbury, is a very earnest Sunday-school worker, and his school is making good progress, but it would flourish still better were more of the parents to attend with their children. The school-house is one of the best in the county, and speaks well for the energy and liberality of the District.

Meteorology.

"This summer, 'tis summer, the wild birds sing, and the woods and glens with their sweet notes ring; And the trees their bright blossoms begin to unfold."

Summer, like a vaulting schoolboy, has leaped over the months at one bound, and stands smiling before us in radiant robes, beauty, followed by her train of turbaned swallows, sweet-scented orchards and whispering breezes, freighted with the perfumes of woodland and meadow. A few days of mellowing sunshine have clothed the leafless branches in bright raiments.

The mean temperature of the month of April, 1873, was 38.2°. This has been the coldest April, with the exception of 1868, during the past 20 years. The mean temperature of May was 53.9°. We have had during the month little else than cold, north-west winds with very little rain. The amount of rainfall was only 1.4 inch. It fell in measurable quantities on the 2d, 11th, 13th, 26th and 29th.

The epizootic wave passed over us last fall, and most of the horses soon recovered from its effects. Since then, in the track of this horse disease, nearly every person has been afflicted, apparently just as the horses had been. Some were quite sick, and a few even came near to their graves. "In the low green tent," whose curtains never outward swings, but I have not heard of a death.

E. B. BARTLETT.

Letter from Iowa.

MAQUOKETA, IA., JUNE 13, 1873. Maquoketa, Jackson county, Iowa, is on the Midland R.R., leading from Clinton, on the Mississippi to Anamosa, forming a junction with the Dubuque & southern. The Midland is a fine continuation of the Chicago and Northwestern. It is about 30 miles from Clinton, and equidistant 40 miles from Davenport on the south and Dubuque on the north. A railroad is nearly completed connecting the two latter places, the Davenport and St. Paul cars have been running for some time from this place to Davenport. The place derives its name from Maquoketa river passing along its northern limits and which, with not very great expense, might be made navigable to the Mississippi.

It is situated on the north-west by heavy timber stretching away for miles. This has a tendency to lessen the severity of the winds, and to a great extent to prevent drouths which are seldom known here. The present spring has been about three weeks later than usual here, but vegetation is somewhat in advance of Oswego county. The population is chiefly from York State, though there are many Germans and their descendants from Pennsylvania. They appear frank and very courteous to strangers, and characterized by much harmony among themselves. Their chief occupation is raising cattle and swine to consume the corn which will not bear transportation and these go east, the latter to Chicago, where they are slaughtered. Perhaps no state is so netted with railroads as Iowa, and all along the lines of the same may be seen cattle pens for shipping the animals which formerly had to be taken in large droves. The fuel is delivered in this city in fall and winter, and hauled by them to their homes. Perhaps no state is so netted with railroads as Iowa, and all along the lines of the same may be seen cattle pens for shipping the animals which formerly had to be taken in large droves. The fuel is delivered in this city in fall and winter, and hauled by them to their homes.

This makes the place a scene of activity during the winter months, and through the year much teaming is done. Brick and lime are obtained in any quantity, and there is an excellent quarry of good building stone, while sand washed on shore by the river renders the facilities for building ample. And these are improved by the farmers, as may be seen at this season of the year as one rides through the country, in the erection of better buildings, particularly fine barns, which are deemed a greater necessity than heretofore. Everything is about a dozen covers the evidence of an uplift and prosperity. Carrying on farming differs much from the thing as performed by us. Most of all it is done by machinery. The broad acres you see devoted to corn, are now being cultivated by a two horse implement straddling the middle row. A pair of good horses with a man to ride on the cultivator, will work ten acres one way per day. This loosens the soil to a good depth, and when the field is gone over both ways it looks very clean. The city, as it is termed in western parlance, contains about 2,500 inhabitants, two newspapers, three churches, some fine brick structures something like a dozen physicians, and nearly as many lawyers. It has fine water power, the Maquoketa river on the north affording the best, and Mill creek on the south. There are about a dozen dry goods and clothing stores, with a good proportion of grocery, mechanical hardware and other establishments.

The large number of farm implements which are sold here suggests the importance of an establishment for manufacturing the same, and what would seem to strengthen the suggestion is the unlimited amount of excellent timber so available for their construction.

The county seat of this county is a Andrew some eight miles north. The place is small and the public buildings are unimportant. A vote of a majority of the tax payers is necessary to enable the Board of Supervisors to order a vote to be taken at the annual election in favor of determining whether the location shall be changed. These preliminary measures have been taken and should a majority be obtained in October next, the Maquoketas have agreed to erect the county buildings free of expense, and they are looking, not without some grounds of hope, for becoming the county seat.

Teachers' Association.

The teachers of the town of Mexico hold an Association in the village of Mexico, Dist. No. 9, on Saturday, June 21. Class exercises as follows: Arithmetic, Dora Adams; Grammar, Malha Whitney; Geography, Julia Davis; Reading (word method), Miss Hosford. Teachers of the town are expected to be present.

Mowing Machine.

is for sale by the undersigned. It is in excellent condition, and will be sold for less than half its value.

Mexico, June 12, 1873. A. GUTH.

The place to buy Extension Tables.

is at Ballard's Furniture Store

Real Estate Sales.

Rufus Rich conveys to Ann Bass 1 acre in Sand Bank; Consideration \$50: Deed dated June, 1855.

David Jones to Osemon P. Jones, lot in Albion, \$800: May, 1873.

Nancy Payne to Corn Mason, 45-100 and 1/2 acre in Richland, \$150: June, 1873.

Huldah Dean to Malvina Guimaraes, 1/2 acre in Richland, \$5: June, 1873.

Leman Greenfield to Robert L. Ingersoll, 20 acres in Richland, \$2,400: May, 1873.

William C. Pierrepont to Asel H. Wheeler, 152-100 acres in Albion, \$100: September, 1869.

Edmie F. Richardson to Asel H. Wheeler, between 18 and 19 acres of land in Albion, \$450: April, 1870.

Sherman S. Wood to William Crangle 15 acres in Redfield, \$100: August, 1871.

Sophronia Wilson to William B. Parkhurst, 25 acres in Hastings, \$612: January, 1871.

Margaret Cooper to George M. Pierce 1/2 acre in Hastings, \$562 50, June, 1873.

Robert Hall to Warner Whaley; 26 acres in Amboy, \$5: April, 1867.

Henry Westly to Albert Alger, 103 acres in Parish, \$2,600: April, 1873.

John Parsons to Newton W. Parsons, 20 acres in Mexico, \$1,000: April, 1873.

Almeron Thomas to Newton W. Parsons and Eliza Parsons, 6 acres in Mexico \$1,500: March, 1873.

Isabel P. Whipple to Edgar Cole, lot in Parish, \$800: June, 1873.

Harriet M. Thomas to Hannah M. Asen, 13 acres in Albion, \$1,000: October, 1870.

Alexander Murray to James Anson, wagon shop in Albion, \$2,000: October, 1872.

Paul J. Merriam to Chauncey Dutcher, 23 acres in Palermo, \$850: April, 1873.

Abel M. Gillespie to Hamilton A. Mosher, one-half acre in Parish, \$80: May, 1873.

Job Babcock to John E. Holden, 27 acres in Parish, \$200: March, 1870.

William B. Parkhurst, special guardian, to Matilda Aman, 50 acres in Hastings, \$1,500: June, 1873.

Samantha Fancher to Matilda Aman, 50 acres in Hastings, \$200: June, 1873.

Ann Bass to George W. Bass, one acre in Sand Bank, \$1: May, 1873.

Jury Drawing.

The following is a list of Jurors drawn at the County Clerk's office, to serve at the next County Court and Court of Sessions to be held at Pulaski, June 30th.

GRAND JURORS.

Orange A. Rice, Albion; David J. Wilson, Amboy; Jeremiah Webb, James Clark, James Bernhard, John H. Dunn, Constantia; E. C. Coville, Jared Mallory, Hastings; Charles Wheeler, David Becker, George Titton, Seabury A. Tuller, Lewis Miller, Rufus Calkins, Joseph W. Lawton, Mexico; W. George Baxter, John B. Mitchell, Edmund Potter, Sandy Creek; John M. Brower, Redfield; Warren K. Combs, Richland; William Ostrum, James Merchant, West Monroe.

PETIT JURORS.

Nathaniel Albee, Edward Roland, William C. Gowdy, Joseph A. Bishop, Amboy; John Phelps, Boylston; Robert Todd, James Dickie, Amos D. Brooks, John P. Wynn, David Taylor, David Keck, Constantia; R. H. Avery, A. T. Low, Henry E. Beebe, Hastings; Alonzo Broughton, Theodore Doyle, Peter Gray, Mexico; J. C. Ricker, Clark Lawton, Ransom Snyder, Orwell; John F. Balcom, Chauncey Burkett, Redfield; Addison Bentley, Harvey Clark, Richland; George F. Smith, Lorenzo Salisbury, Paris D. Clark, George Gurley, Sandy Creek; John H. Ansmann, Jerry Little, Peter Bowman, West Monroe; Charles Curran, Ansel F. West, Harrison E. Davis, Jeremiah Nichols, Williamstown.

THE OSWEGO COUNTY MEDICAL SOCIETY.

at a meeting held in Pulaski, Tuesday, the 10th inst. elected the following officers: President, J. L. Bulkeley, Sandy Creek; Vice-President, D. T. Whyborn, Cleveland; Secretary, J. G. Stockwell, Oswego; Corresponding Secretary, G. P. Johnson, Mexico; Librarian, S. T. Kingston, Oswego; Treasurer, C. C. Bacon, Fulton; Censors, S. J. Crockett, Sandy Creek; Ira T. Jones, Minnetto; D. A. Lawton, Pulaski; Chas. M. Lee, Fulton; A. White, Mexico; Delegates to American Medical Association: F. S. Low, T. J. Green, C. C. P. Clark; Delegates to the Central New York Association: Wm. H. Rice, A. S. Cox, D. D. Drake, George A. Nelson, Daniel Pardee.

—Shawls! Shawls! Shawls! 32. —As usual, Norton has the best stock of Shawls ever in town. —Best stock of Parasols in Mexico is at Norton's. —Every grade of Kid Gloves at Norton's. —4-4, 5-4, 6-4, 8-4 Oil Cloth Carpeting at Norton's.

Canned fruits of all kinds at Ballard's.

BRIEFS.

—The Midland railroad offices will be removed from Oswego to New York.

—It is stated that a case has arisen in Fulton under the new civil damage law.

—Mr. and Mrs. D. W. C. Peck left town on Monday for a visit to Pennsylvania and other points.

—"Uncle Oliver" Whitney and Esquire Cole have been painting their houses lately.

—Our efficient Road Commissioner, S. R. Spooner, is doing a good work in graveling and otherwise improving the roads.

—Mr. John Bennett and wife left town a few days ago for St. Paul, Minn., where they intend to remain for some time.

—Messrs. G. B. Gillespie and A. N. Luddington, of Syracuse, the latter formerly of Fulton, have dissolved partnership.

—For a few evenings past Main St. has presented a very lively appearance, everybody, boys and men, workers and loungers, being engaged in foot-ball.

—In another column will be found an interesting letter from Dr. B. E. Bowen, who is now traveling in the West. We expect he will favor us with other letters.

—The fine vacant lot next to Mrs. Goodwin's, has been purchased of L. P. Alfred by James Driggs, for \$1,600. Mr. Driggs will build on it immediately, and we may expect to see an elegant structure there.

—The Methodist bell has had a bad cold for some time, which now has terminated in the epizootic. There being no hope of its recovery, it has been decided to get another and heavier bell, one weighing 2000 pounds.

—The ladies of the Presbyterian society served ice-cream and cake in the lecture-room of the church on Friday evening. There were open doors, and a large number came to partake of the excellent ice-cream. And not only was the gathering a pleasant one to all present, but a goodly sum was realized with little expense, and from comparatively little labor.

ICE-CREAM AND STRAWBERRIES.—The ladies of the Presbyterian society will serve ice-cream (and strawberries are expected), in the lecture-room of the church, on Friday evening, June 27th.

THIS PRESS.—The Boonville Herald came to us last week in a new and beautiful dress. The Herald is an excellent local paper, and we are glad to see this evidence of Bro. Willard's prosperity.

We have received the first number of the "Oswego Trades' Bulletin," a neat monthly of eight pages, published by Oliphant & Childs, Oswego. It is an advertising sheet, to be circulated gratuitously, and will, without doubt, prove an excellent medium between business men and the public. We wish the proprietors success.

CHRIST CHURCH (Universalist).

Regular services every Sunday, at 2 o'clock p. m. All are invited. Seats free. Rev. James Vincent, Pastor.

OSWEGO CEMETERY ASSOCIATION.

The Oswego Cemetery Association will be held at the Cemetery on Wednesday, the 25th inst., at 1 o'clock p. m. All persons who own lots or have friends buried there are interested in the meeting. Don't forget the date—June 25th—at 1 o'clock p. m.

W. S. GOODSELL, Sec'y Board Trustees.

I hereby certify that I have one of the Elias Howe Sewing Machines,

which I have used for the last three years, and during that time have made nearly 1000 coats, and have used the same needle for the last two years; and I think it the very best machine in the market. Mrs. SOULES, Taylorsville, Mexico, June 18, 1873.

NEW PASSENGER WAGON.—The undersigned having a new passenger wagon,

is now ready to accommodate picnic and fishing parties, etc., at reasonable rates. Persons wishing to attend Barn

DEAF-MUTES' JOURNAL.

Devoted to the Interests of the Deaf-Mutes of the State of New York.

TERMS: One copy per annum, in Advance, \$1.00; if not paid within six months \$2.00; Clubs of 10, \$1.25; in Advance, Single copies, Five Cents.

No notice will be taken of anonymous communications. All communications must be accompanied with the name and address of the writer, not necessary for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Correspondents are alone responsible for views and opinions expressed in communications. Subscriptions and all business letters to be directed to H. C. RIDER, Editor, Mexico, Oswego Co., N. Y.

Contributions and Editorial Correspondence to be sent, at the option of the writer, either to the above, or to F. L. SELLIN, Associate Editor, Institute for the Deaf and Dumb, Station M, New York City.

Cleric Memorial.

Of late the Executive Committee of the Nat. C. M. Union have submitted before the Board of Managers the three following questions, viz:

Shall Mr. Carlin's resignation be accepted?

How soon shall the location, design and cost of the Memorial be decided?

Who shall be 2d Vice-President in place of Mr. Frank Reed, who will become 1st Vice-President if Mr. Carlin's resignation be accepted?

On the above the N. Y. C. M. Association has voted as follows:

It has but had to accept Mr. Carlin's resignation, for, on inquiry, it learned that he would not withdraw it under any circumstances whatever.

For 2d Vice-President of the Union it voted for Mr. T. Jefferson Trist, of Philadelphia, Pa.

It also voted that the matter of the Memorial be decided immediately.

Here we append Mr. Carlin's letter, from which all other Associations may learn that no longer can any hope be entertained of reinstating him, in consequence of which Mr. Thomas Brown, of New Hampshire (1st Vice-President), succeeds him as President of the Union:

New York, No. 211 W. 25th St., June 6th, 1873.

MY DEAR MR. H. C. RIDER: In reply to your favor, dated June 4, in which you ask: "Will you be willing to withdraw your resignation, if it should not be accepted by a majority vote of the Board of Managers?" The N. Y. C. M. Association wishes to be fully advised on this question before it casts its votes."

I have only to say, with much regret, that my decision still stands unchanged, and nothing will alter it, and that by your casting votes in favor of the acceptance of my resignation, I shall be much gratified. So the Board of Managers, for whose good opinion and confidence in me I am very thankful, will understand the above, and therefore, will promptly comply with my request.

Learning that it has been decided to take notice of all the propositions in my message, published in the Deaf-Mute Advance, and Deaf-Mutes' Journal, and to prevent their being subjected to future indignity, I deem it proper to withdraw them, with the exception of my resignation, with the consideration of the Board.

Hoping that this letter will appear in your excellent paper on the first opportunity, I am, my dear friend,

Most sincerely yours,

JOHN CARLIN.

ADDITIONAL APPROPRIATION.—We are happy now to be enabled to reply to the many inquiries from readers of the Journal that the appropriation of \$500, together with an increase of \$150 in behalf of the paper next year, has passed the Legislature of the State of New York. Great credit is due to Hon. D. C. Cooper, our member from Oswego, for his untiring efforts in securing this matter in behalf of the deaf-mutes of this State. We hereby express our heartfelt thanks for his kind and successful assistance in our behalf.

Now that the appropriation has been increased by \$150, we shall be able to secure for the use of the Deaf-Mutes' Journal two additional columns, making in all four entire columns from the first of October next. Till then, we shall make the most of the space allotted to us. We hope to use our four columns to much advantage and profit for the deaf and dumb of the State as will convince our benefactors that the generous stipend allowed us is judiciously and profitably expended.

"HIGHLY SEASONED."—Our friend, Mr. C. H. Cooper, of Watertown, last week sent us a bottle of "royal celery salt," for which he has our sincere thanks. We appreciate that friend Cooper sympathizes with us in our "low diet," and wishes us hereafter to enjoy highly seasoned provisions; and perhaps he is hinting to us to use a little more highly seasoned (brawn) food in our paper. By way of novelty, we shall endeavor to use a little spice occasionally.

GOOD STUDIES.—We are glad to hear that Mr. J. Edgar Story has found ready purchasers of more than 150 tickets for the drawing of his oil painting. The day for drawing the numbers is fast approaching, and lest it be too late, let every one buy a ticket just now. Who will be the happy winner of the prize?

OBITUARY.—Mr. Wilson Whiton, a well-known deaf-mute, died at Hingham, Mass., on the 3d of June, at the age of 66 years. He was a teacher of the deaf and dumb at the American Asylum, Hartford, Conn., for 48 years—a longer time than that of any deaf-mute instructor in the country, next to the late Laurent Clerc, who came to this country with Rev. Thos. H. Gallaudet when the American Asylum was started.

A Deaf-Mute in the New York City Prison.—The Tomb.

A reporter of one of the New York dailies, in speaking of particular persons confined in the Tombs, says of this deaf-mute:

"Toluksky, the deaf and dumb inmate of cell 67, raised his case as a visitor passed his door. He looked odd and miserable. His case is an affecting one. Unfortunate in his infirmities, without money, influential friends or relatives, he is kept locked up in the pestiferous hole on a charge of burglary. His friends do not know who his accuser is, and cannot find the complaint against him. Why he is kept in prison is a mystery. He is said to be a harmless creature, undeviated and with no crime charged to his account, except this mysterious accusation, which makes him a sacrifice to somebody's blundering and stupidity.

He crouches at the door of his cell most of the time and meets the visitors with a mystified, appealing look and manner."

So we are to understand that there is a deaf-mute confined in the Tombs on a charge of burglary. It seems to me that a deaf person is the last person in the world who would dare to become a burglar. I have heard of deaf-mutes being charged with stealing, but this is the first time it ever came to my notice that a mute was charged with burglary.

The fact is patent to every one that a burglar depends upon his sense of hearing so much that if he could not hear, he never could muster up courage to enter a house in the dark. His ears are on the alert to catch the slightest sound, his practiced ear can detect the slightest sound of a person breathing, and can easily tell whether the person is feigning sleep or not. The charge against this mute is not only unreasonable but absurd, and it is as cruel as it is absurd.

HON. JACKMAN.

Letter from New York.

DEAR JOURNAL.—Yesterday afternoon Dr. I. L. Peet gave us another of his ever interesting discourses in the chapel. It was a lovely day, and the pupils who were there assembled seemed to drink in the thoughts that fell from his lips. Many listened to his advice, thinking as they listened to his advice, that it was the last but not the last of his lectures they would be able to listen to from him, as the time is so fast drawing near when they graduate from school. Perhaps they were thinking, too, of the lost opportunities and neglected privileges. We never know how to value our blessings until we have lost them, and it would not seem strange that those of our pupils who know the time is fast approaching when their school days here will be over forever, should pause and reflect for a moment upon the manner in which they have spent their school days. They have begun to realize, as they never realized before, that it was a glorious privilege to be given to us so many years, free of charge, in which to obtain an education. Many will undoubtedly say within themselves, "Oh! that I had been more diligent in my studies!" But the time is up, and henceforward they must depend upon their own unaided efforts to further their way up the rugged hill of knowledge and truth. Stern necessity will soon tell them it is no time for vain regrets.

Mr. John H. Clearwater, whom many of your readers know, has been quite sick for some time past, and it is now feared that his illness may terminate fatally. Mr. Clearwater has been foreman of the cabinet shop for the past nine years, and was for about twenty-one years assistant foreman. Mr. William Genet being the foreman during that period.

Mrs. Campbell is still confined to her bed, and no indications of returning reason have been noticed up to this time, but the physicians entertain hopes of effecting a cure, although the chances are against her.

[Since receiving the above letter we have the sad news of Mrs. Campbell's death, which occurred on Tuesday, the 10th inst., in the Lunatic Asylum on Blockwell's Island. The funeral service was conducted by Rev. Dr. Gallaudet the next day at 2 o'clock p. m., and the remains buried in the defunct lot at Greenwood Cemetery.]

One of our school associates, and we remember well what a bright and intelligent school girl she was. Her family of little ones have our unfeignedly deep sympathy, and we hope measures have been taken to at once procure them quarters wherein they may be taken good care of, and reared in the right way.—Ed.]

Passages in the Life of a Deaf Mute.

CHAPTER II.

The rough and hardy experience of three successive winters in the hunting ground of his father, had given George Hermann a healthy appetite for work. He could stay at home to loaf around and play the gentleman. So his father took him to Berlin and apprenticed him three years to a bookbinder. This tradesman had other deaf-mute apprentices, all learning the trade, subject to the condition that if they remained three years, their expenses would be paid by the crown, but if they left before that time, themselves, or their friends, would have to foot the bill. George worked at his trade faithfully and diligently for his year. At the end of this time he saw that he was far ahead of his fellow apprentices, and he was aware that he could perform as good work as the regularly paid workmen; in short, felt that he had no more to learn. So he left Berlin and returned to his home. George was now twenty-one, and wished very much to travel and see the world. His father gave him a liberal amount of money and George went away. He traveled through Russia and England, got out of money, and worked for a bookbinder till he had earned quite a sum. Then he traveled farther on. After a few stoppages, from want of money to continue his journeying, he at last arrived at Venice. In this city he met a deaf-mute who had a wife and children. This mute could not make signs other than those strictly natural, nor could he understand George's German. George on his part could neither make head nor tail out of what he called the Italian mute's strange mixture of "Latin-Greek-English-German." Nevertheless, they got on very well together, the longer they stayed together the better they could converse and each inventing new signs to supply any and each particular emergency. George soon found that the trade of a bookbinder was in discount in Venice. His Italian friend was by occupation a gilder, and very expert in the art, so George turned his attention to gilding; soon mastered it and received much remuneration therefrom. At the end of a year he began to grow tired of Venice, he detested Italian manners and customs, and having on hand a snug sum, resolved to return home. He bade farewell to the Italian mute and his family and set out for Germany, where, after due time, he arrived, and was joyfully welcomed back by his father and his friends. KOUROXET.

Letter from Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN, E. D. June 8th 1873.

ED. DEAF-MUTES' JOURNAL.—Dear Sir: Since the last correspondence on the Burgess surprise party, some interesting events, have taken place among the community. On Thursday evening the 29th

of last month, Mary E. Genet, the beloved wife of the ex-foreman of the cabinet shop, in the N. Y. Institute for the deaf-mutes has gone to that bourne from which no traveler returns. Her illness was of short duration. She left behind a mute son, and a daughter, and a husband with whom she lived in peace and harmony for over 25 years. Her remains were buried in the Woodlawn Cemetery, Westchester Co., N. Y., on the 2d of this month. The family have the sympathy of the mute community in this bereavement.

On the 26th ult., the wife of Frank Campbell became seriously deranged. On the 2d inst., her malady became worse, and for the safety of her family and person, she was taken to the hospital and put under the tender care of Dr. Parson, the Christian friend of Rev. Dr. Gallaudet. One of the causes of her malady was the singular prophecy of her dying friend, Genet; that Mrs. Campbell's death and also that of one of her family would occur next month.

On the 2d inst., Rev. Dr. Gallaudet was called to the residence of Peter Burgess on business of importance. He then called in with two certificates of holy wedlock and was astonished to see such a large company of guests. He shook hands with them and sat down. Peter addressed him, solving the mystery of his invitation, and Mrs. Burgess unveiled the birthday testimonial to him. He was greatly surprised by such neat gifts—a marbleized time piece, and a handy and useful valise to carry his apparel in and then he belted in case of being called away in a hurry. Mrs. Charlotte Barton presented to him a home made fruit cake, with the snowy sugar top, on which the birthday present was spelled. He thankfully responded and entertained us with an interesting sketch of his life and career in the mute service, and said, heartfelt items on the death of Mrs. Genet, and the insanity of Mrs. Campbell. He then was ready to name any one there, and the would be candidates for matrimony were humorously teased. We hugely enjoyed the treat in his hoaxed expectations. We then sat down to supper, which was splendidly furnished by the lady subscribers under the supervision of Mrs. A. E. Burgess. We then rose up and Mr. Gallaudet's remarks on the milestone of the birthdays and the ages of our going on to the curtain of death and our desire to go backward to the days of our youth, amused us very much. He prayed to God for his benediction, and bade us good bye. On the next evening Mrs. Lewis gave him a birthday party which passed off to her satisfaction.

The Sun reported, "Henry Walder, driving a heavy wagon ran over and seriously injured Willie Reed, a little deaf and dumb boy aged five years, in Newark, N. J., Hoboken, yesterday afternoon. Walder is held for examination. The wagon passed over the boy's chest and neck."

Your echo chimed to call at the home of Mrs. Eliza Howes, in South Brooklyn, four weeks ago, at the time of collecting the money for the Burgess surprise party. He learned with pain, that her husband was deranged three days, and died on the 19th of last March. He fought and bled for our country in the late civil war. His health had been impaired by exposure in the war. His family consists of Eliza and four daughters, and one boy. Peace to his ashes. God help and bless the widow and fatherless.

Yours truly,

AN IDEAL.

An Item from the Land of Silence.

The Howard County Record, Peru, Howard County, Kansas, now about one year old, is edited and printed and published by a real deaf-mute, with assistance of a young lady, totally deaf, but capable of articulating and reading on the lips, and who, stranger of all (!), never went to school until twenty-two years of age. The editor and publisher of the Record, when a mere boy, made bold, in face of greater editorial brains all around him, to issue No. 1, and that was the only number that ever saw the light of day, of the Bookworm, a 10x6 inches sheet, intended for the especial perusal of his beloved teacher. From the summer of 1864 till the winter following, he edited and published the Observer, at Baldwin City, Douglas County, Kansas, in conjunction with his fellow-sufferer and life-time friend, Mr. George W. Hollingsworth, who, in 1870, went to that bourne whence no traveler returns. He acted as editor of the Deaf-Mute Home Circle, Omaha, Neb., where it was published by the semi-mute principal of the Nebraska asylum for mutes located in that city. He next published the Prairie Banner at Lee's Summit, Mo., a two small print, neutral in politics and religion, and continued it for six months, under embarrassments not worth speaking of.

The record has a column, more or less, under the head of "The Educated Deaf-Mute," which is edited by John Smith; a true deaf-mute—American Newspaper Reporter.

When to be Deaf.

Some people feel so very anxious to hear everything that will vex and annoy them, that they set about searching and finding it out. If all the petty things said of one by heedless or ill-natured idlers were to be brought to him, he would become a mere walking pin-cushion, stacked full of sharp remarks. I should as soon thank a man for emptying on my head a bushel of nettles, or setting loose a swarm of mosquitos in my room, or raising a pungent odor in my house, generally, as to bring upon me all the tale of spiteful people. If you would be happy among good men, open your ears; when among bad, shut them. It is not worth while to hear what servants say when they have slammed the door; what your neighbors say about your children; and what your rivals say about your business or dress.—Cassell's.

Valuable Oil Painting.

A large Oil Painting, 30 by 42 inches, has just been completed—subject:

"Struggle of Cavalry near Gettysburg."

The artist proposes to dispose of it by drawing. It is a very fine painting.

TICKETS AT 50 CENTS EACH, May be sent by mail. The numbers will be drawn at Cherry Valley N. Y., on the 1st of July next.

Send 50 cents. Address

J. Edwin Story,

Cherry Valley N. Y.

Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg R. R.

1873/Summer Arrangements. 1873.

On and after Monday, May 26th, and until further notice, passenger trains will run on this road as follows, (Sundays excepted):

Leave Mexico, 9.33 a. m.; arrive at Rome, 11.45 a. m.; Utica, 12.35 a. m.; Albany, 4.10 p. m.; New York, 10.30 p. m.; Springfield, 7.30 p. m.; Boston 11.20 p. m.

Leave Mexico, 2.03 p. m.; arrive at Watertown, 3.57 p. m.; Cape Vincent, 6.02 p. m.

Leave Mexico, 6.27 p. m.; arrive at Watertown, 8.20 p. m.; Rome, 9.22 p. m.; Ogdensburg, 11.25 a. m.; Potsdam Junction, 11.30 a. m.; Utica, 10.00 p. m.; Albany, 1.10 a. m.; New York, 10.00 a. m. Sleeping car through to New York.

Leave Mexico, 7.15 a. m.; arrive at Oswego, 8.00 a. m.; 12.24 p. m.; 1.07 p. m.; 3.37 p. m.; 4.10 p. m.; 8.05 p. m.; 8.50 p. m.

LEAVE NEW HAVEN.

Going East—9.20 a. m.; 1.51 p. m.; 6.15 p. m.

Going West—12.37 p. m.; 4.20 p. m.; 6.10 p. m.

J. W. MOAK, Gen'l Supt.

H. T. FRARY, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

1873. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Delaware, Lackawanna, and Western Railroad—Oswego & Syracuse Division—Broad & Narrow Gauge Line—Shortest, Quickest and Most Direct Route to Albany, Troy, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, and all Points East, West, South, and Southwest.

Time Table commences Wednesday, June 4, 1873.

LEAVE OSWEGO.

BROAD GAUGE EXPRESS.

6.30 A. M.; Fulton 7.02; Lamona 7.25; Baldwinsville 7.43; arrive at Syracuse 8.35 a. m.; Binghamton 12.35 p. m.; Scranton 3.00 p. m.; New York 10.00 p. m.; Philadelphia 10.30 p. m.

SPECIAL NEW YORK EXPRESS.

6.00 A. M.; Fulton 6.30; Lamona 6.50; Baldwinsville 7.00; arrive at Syracuse 8.35 a. m.; Binghamton 12.35 p. m.; Scranton 3.00 p. m.; New York 10.00 p. m.; Philadelphia 10.30 p. m.

SPECIAL DAY EXPRESS.

12.30 P. M.; Fulton 12.50; Lamona 1.10; Baldwinsville 1.23; arrive at Syracuse 1.55 p. m.; connecting with Day Express East and West leaving at Albany 4.25 p. m.; Albany 8.40 p. m.; New York 4.00 a. m.; Boston 5.50 a. m.

SOUTH WEST ATLANTIC EXPRESS.

5.15 P. M.; Fulton 5.45; Lamona 6.05; Baldwinsville 6.18; arrive at Syracuse 6.50 p. m.; connecting with Southwest Atlantic Express, arriving at Albany 9.20 p. m.; Albany 12.40 a. m.; New York 6.45 a. m.; Boston 8.30 a. m.; also with Special Boston and Chicago Express, arriving at New York 10.00 a. m.; New York 6.30 p. m.; Boston 11.20.

PACIFIC EXPRESS.

7.40 A. M. on arrival of Pacific Express which leaves New York at 8.30 p. m., Baldwinsville 7.43; Lamona 7.56; Fulton 8.16; arrive at Oswego 8.30.

DAY EXPRESS.

3.35 P. M.; Baldwinsville 3.07; Lamona 3.20; Fulton 3.40; arrive at Oswego 4.10 p. m.; connecting with Oswego and Rome Railroad for all points north to Watertown.

SPECIAL BOSTON AND CHICAGO EXPRESS.

7.30 P. M. on arrival of Special Boston and Chicago Express from the East, and the South-West Atlantic from the West, Baldwinsville 7.32; Lamona 7.45; Fulton 8.05; arrive at Oswego 8.30 p. m.

NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS.

9.40 P. M. on arrival Broad Gauge Express from New York and Philadelphia, Baldwinsville 9.40; Fulton 10.17; Philadelphia 10.40; arrive at Oswego 11.20 p. m.

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH, only on Tickets purchased at the Company's Office.

Sleeping Car, on Southwest Atlantic Express, arriving at New York 6.45 a. m., can be procured at any time on application to the Company's Agents.

Extra Tables, without extra charge.

W. B. PHELPS, Superintendent.

1873. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Change of Time.

Oswego to Sidney Plains and Walton, New Berlin, Delhi and Auburn, branches.—Shortest and most direct route to Oneida, Utica, Saratoga, Albany, Troy, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, and all other points East and South.—Lines of Telegraph to all Stations for Railroad and Public Service.—The only line in the State running all 12 wheel Coaches.

Commencing Monday, May 26, '72.

Trains will run daily, Sundays excepted, as follows:

RUNNING SOUTH—LEAVE OSWEGO.

7.00 A. M.—Fulton 8.14 a. m.; Oneida 12.00 p. m.; Central Square 8.41 a. m.; Albany 12.50 p. m.; New York 10.00 p. m.; Oxford 5.52 p. m.; arrive Sidney Plains 7.30 p. m.

NEW YORK EXPRESS.

8.45 A. M.—Fulton 9.15; Oneida 11.15 a. m.; Leave Oneida 1.15 p. m.; arrive New York 10.30 p. m.; New York 6.30 p. m.; Albany 12.30 p. m.; Oneida 12.30 p. m.; Fulton 12.30 p. m.; arrive New York 10.30 p. m.

ALBANY EXPRESS.

4.45 P. M.—Fulton 5.15; Oneida 7.15; arrive New York 10.30 p. m.; New York 6.30 p. m.; Albany 12.30 p. m.; Oneida 12.30 p. m.; Fulton 12.30 p. m.; arrive New York 10.30 p. m.

RUNNING NORTH—LEAVE ONEIDA.

10.30 A. M.—On arrival of train from Sidney Plains, Oneida, New York, New Berlin, arrive Fulton 12.30 p. m.; Oswego 1.05 p. m.; connect at Albany with New York Express, arriving at Albany 12.30 p. m.; Albany 1.10 a. m.; New York 10.30 p. m.; also connects with Day Express west.

ALBANY EXPRESS.

4.45 P. M.—Fulton 5.15; Oneida 7.15; arrive New York 10.30 p. m.; New York 6.30 p. m.; Albany 12.30 p. m.; Oneida 12.30 p. m.; Fulton 12.30 p. m.; arrive New York 10.30 p. m.

OSWEGO COACH SAVINGS BANK.

(Opposite the Fitchburg House).

CORNER OF BROADWAY AND ST. GEORGE'S, SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS. FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX. PAYABLE SEMI-ANNUALLY, JAN. & JULY.

A. H. PAULING, President.

J. B. LATHROP, Secretary.

At Cost.—In order to make room for other goods, I shall close out my entire stock of Boots and Shoes at cost, and no humping.

E. H. WADSWORTH,

Empire Block, Mexico.

CARPETS.—The largest line of Carpets ever offered in Mexico can be found at BECKER BROS.

Ballard's is the best place to buy your butter and cheese, for you save returning on account of poor quality.

161st

Syracuse Northern Railroad.

GOING NORTH—LEAVE

4.00 A. M.; 12.40 p. m.; 2.00 p. m.; 4.00 p. m.; 6.00 p. m.; 8.00 p. m.; 10.00 p. m.

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